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September 21, 2010

Congress of the United States

Couse of Representatives

The Honorable Tom Vilsack Secretary U.S. Department of Agriculture 1400 Independence Ave., SW Washington, D.C. 20250

The Honorable Thomas Tidwell Chief U.S. Forest Service 1400 Independence Ave., SW Washington, D.C. 20250

Dear Secretary Vilsack and Chief Tidwell:

I'm writing to urge an increase in U.S. Forest Service funding for the Black Hills National Forest (BHNF) in Fiscal Year 2011 to provide the resources necessary to respond effectively and aggressively to the growing mountain pine beetle epidemic in western South Dakota.

In December 2009, I led a bipartisan effort in the House with Representative Cynthia Lummis of Wyoming to oppose proposals to transfer and reprogram funds from the BHNF and other forests in the Rocky Mountain Region because I believed that funding was needed in South Dakota to increase mountain pine beetle mitigation activities. I'm glad that the proposal to transfer funds out of our region never gained traction, and that ultimately the Administration provided an additional \$2 million to the BHNF during Fiscal Year 2010, which allowed the U.S. Forest Service to perform increased thinning treatments to the combat the mountain pine beetle emergency. Deputy Undersecretary Jay Jensen also visited the BHNF in August to tour areas of the forest that have been impacted by mountain pine beetles and to meet with affected local stakeholders. Both of these actions acknowledge the severity of mountain pine beetle challenge in the BHNF and indicate an appreciation for the threat posed by the mountain pine beetle to economic development in rural communities in our region.

As you know, despite Forest Service action, the current outbreaks of mountain pine beetles continue to pose great threats to the BHNF. These outbreaks are the largest and most intense in recorded history, affecting an estimated 356,000 acres of ponderosa pine in the last 13 years. The spread of the epidemic is now accelerating at a dangerous pace, with beetle infested trees showing up in new areas throughout the forest. This epidemic has created the potential for

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121 FOURTH AVENUE SW, SUITE 1 ABERDEEN, SD 57401 PHONE (605) 626-3440 FAX (605) 626-3441 catastrophic fires that threaten communities, forests, watersheds, wildlife habitat, recreational opportunities, and local tourism industries. For instance, the Mt. Rushmore National Monument recently announced that, for the second year in a row, the traditional Independence Day fireworks celebration will not be held because of concern about wildfire danger caused by nearby trees that have been killed by mountain pine beetles.

Due to the leadership of federal forest managers and the forest resource industry, as well as the engagement of local communities, there has been some progress in the BHNF in slowing the spread of the mountain pine beetle epidemic. However, I believe much more needs to be done to safeguard the BHNF and its communities. Investment now will save much greater costs in future if the epidemic is not adequately addressed. Estimates of the cost to mitigate the threats to public safety in areas in Colorado and other states recently ravaged by wildfire and mountain pine beetles now range in the hundreds of millions of dollars. I believe it's critically important that we make important investments in proactive mitigation and prevention in the Black Hills to arrest the spread of the beetle, and that these targeted investments be more cost effective in the long-term than rehabilitation and restoration following widespread wildfire damage. Therefore, I urge the U.S. Forest Service to provide the BHNF with adequate funding in Fiscal Year 2011 to meet the ever increasing challenge posed by the mountain pine beetle epidemic.

If you have questions or require more information, please contact Jon Loevner (202 225 2801, Jon.Loevner@mail.house.gov) on my staff. I look forward to your prompt response.

Sincerely,

Sandlin Stephanie Herseth Member of Congress